Lecture #6: Arduino



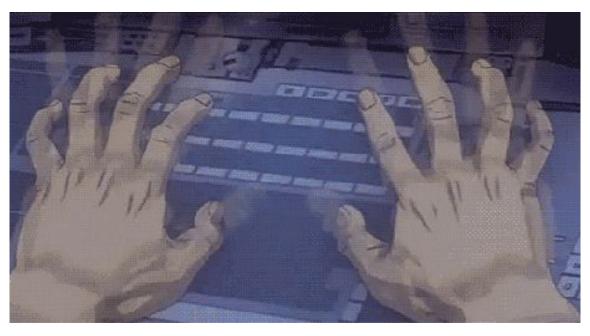
V&A P5.js Series: Arduino

@lexicobob

Lecture #6: Arduino

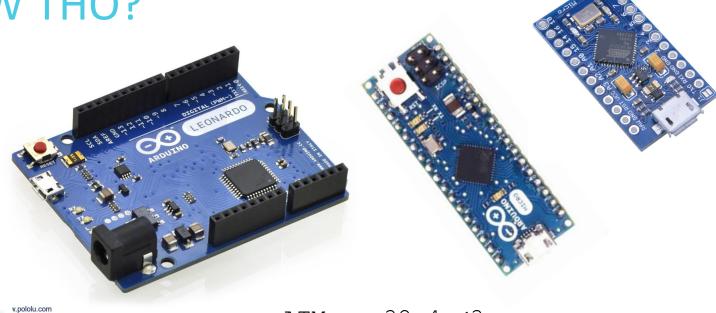


Why keyboards are great





HOW THO?

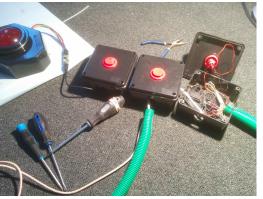


ATMega 32u4 <3



Buttons





















What's in the Bag

- Arduino Pro Micro
- Breadboard
- 2 x wires (DuPont cables)
- 1 x arcade button



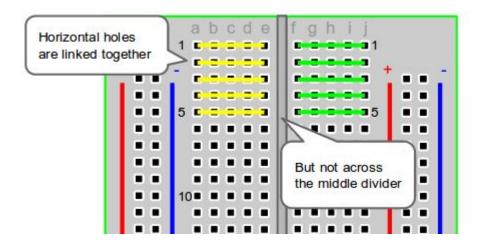


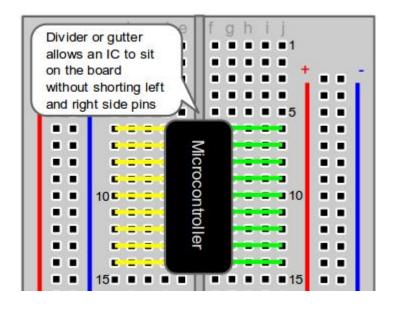
TODAY

- Make a hole in a box
- Solder wires to a button
- Use a breadboard
- Put it together
- Write the code!
- Play your game



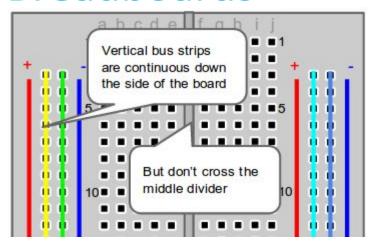
Breadboards

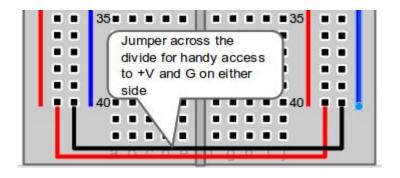






Breadboards





Images from Ben Miller's tutsplus.com article:
How to Use a Breadboard and Build a LED Circuit

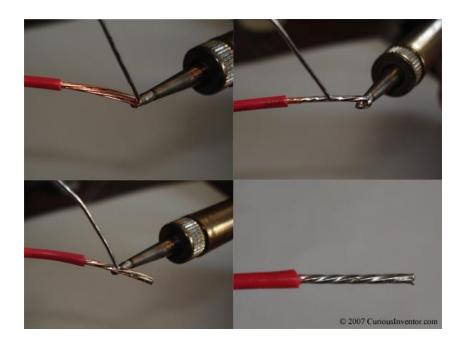


Soldering

- Decide whether you want to use the breadboard.
- Cut off one end of your wire.
- Strip the plastic off the end.
- Tin the wire
- Solder to the button
- Repeat!

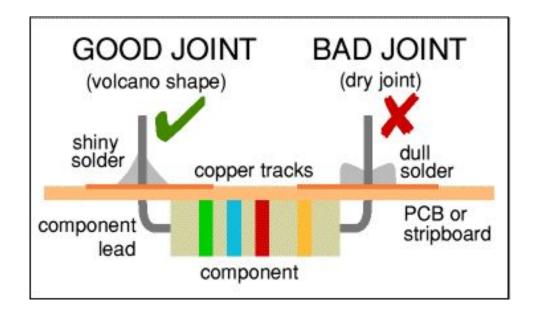


Tinning





Soldering







Cutting Holes - using a knife

- Don't point the knife at
 Protect the surface your face.
- Don't point the knife at
 Draw a 28mm circle. anyone else's face.
- Don't run with the knife.

- you're cutting on.
- Cut it out.



Putting it together

- Push button through the hole
- Screw on the nut
- Plug one pin from the button into any of the pins labelled GND (ground)
- Plug the other pin into one of the digital pins
- Plug the USB cable in!



Coding Time!





Arduino IDE + Bounce library

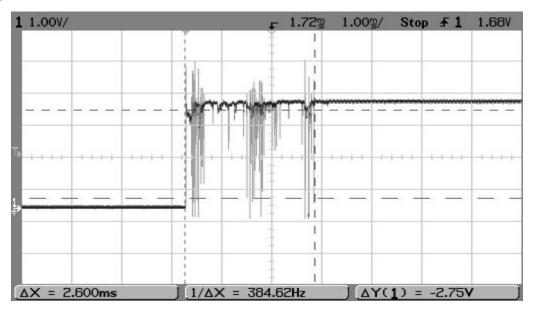
https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Software

https://github.com/thomasfredericks/Bounce-Ardu ino-Wiring/archive/master.zip

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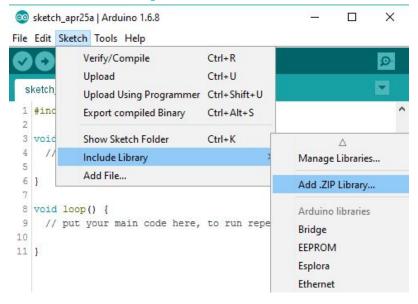


Bounce?





Installing the Libary





The Setup

keyboardtutorial

```
2 #include <Bounce2.h> //to access the bounce library we added
 3 #include <Keyboard.h> // access the built in keyboard library
 5 #define BUTTON PIN 1 //using pin 1 for my button
 7 const char key = 'q'; // going to press the q key
 8 Bounce button = Bounce(); //create bounce button called button
10 void setup() {
     // put your setup code here, to run once:
12
    //use arduino as keyboard
14
    Keyboard.begin();
15
    //set button pin to be an input
     //activate pull up resistor
17
     pinMode ( BUTTON PIN , INPUT PULLUP);
19
     //setup the button
    button.attach ( BUTTON PIN );
     button.interval(5);
23 1
24
```



SPECIAL KEYS

KEY_LEFT_CTRL
KEY_LEFT_SHIFT
KEY_LEFT_ALT
KEY_LEFT_GUI
KEY_RIGHT_CTRL
KEY_RIGHT_SHIFT
KEY_RIGHT_ALT
KEY_RIGHT_GUI

KEY_UP_ARROW
KEY_DOWN_ARROW
KEY_LEFT_ARROW
KEY_RIGHT_ARROW

KEY_BACKSPACE
KEY_TAB
KEY_RETURN
KEY_ESC
KEY_INSERT
KEY_DELETE



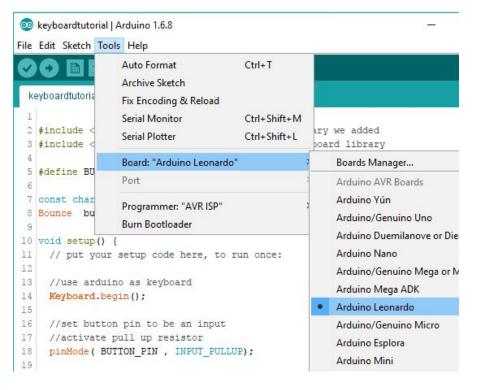
The Loop

keyboardtutorial

```
25 void loop() {
    // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
27
28
     //button.update is true if button state has changed.
29
     if (button.update()) {
30
31
       //if button went from 1 to 0 - ie. was pressed
       if (button.fell()) {
33
        Keyboard.press(key); //press key down
34
35
       //if button went from 0 to 1 - ie. was released
36
       else if (button.rose()) {
37
        Keyboard.release (key); //release key
38
39
40
    //OR
42
     if (button.update()) {
44
       if (button.fell()) {
         Keyboard.write(key); //send 1 keypress
47
48 }
```

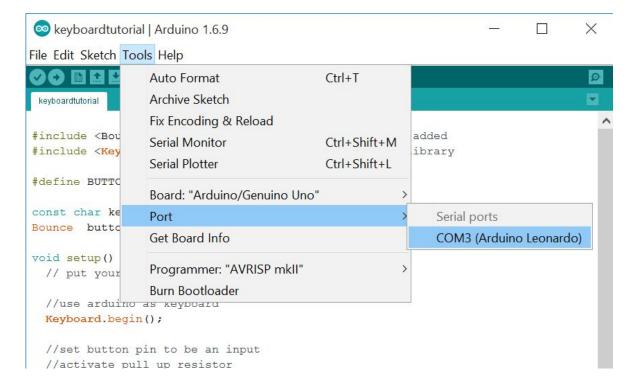


UPLOOOOADING...





UPLOOOOADING...





FINISHING UP



Lecture #6: Arduino



Amazing Job!

